Native vegetation removal report

This report provides information to support an application to remove, destroy or lop native vegetation in accordance with the *Guidelines for the removal, destruction or lopping of native vegetation*. The report **is not an assessment by DELWP** of the proposed native vegetation removal. Native vegetation information and offset requirements have been determined using spatial data provided by the applicant or their consultant.

Date of issue: 09/11/2018 Report ID: PRE_2018_060

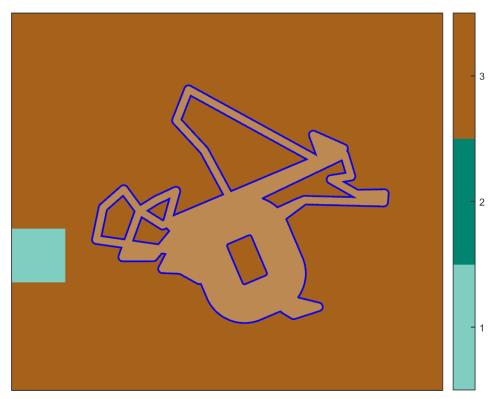
Time of issue: 2:03 pm

Project ID Losses_v4_Veg_Losses_540_The_Boulevard_Ivanhoe_East	
--	--

Assessment pathway

Assessment pathway	Detailed Assessment Pathway
Extent including past and proposed	0.498 ha
Extent of past removal	0.000 ha
Extent of proposed removal	0.498 ha
No. Large trees proposed to be removed	0
Location category of proposed removal	Location 3 The native vegetation is in an area where the removal of less than 0.5 hectares could have a significant impact on habitat for one or more rare or threatened species. The native vegetation is also in an area mapped as an endangered Ecological Vegetation Class (as per the statewide EVC map).

1. Location map



Native vegetation removal report

Offset requirements if a permit is granted

Any approval granted will include a condition to obtain an offset that meets the following requirements:

Species offset amount ¹	0.184 species units of habitat for Grey-headed Flying-fox, <i>Pteropus poliocephalus</i> 0.204 species units of habitat for Pink Mountain-correa, <i>Correa lawrenceana var. cordifolia</i>
Large trees	0 trees

NB: values within tables in this document may not add to the totals shown above due to rounding

Appendix 1 includes information about the native vegetation to be removed

Appendix 2 includes information about the rare or threatened species mapped at the site.

Appendix 3 includes maps showing native vegetation to be removed and extracts of relevant species habitat importance maps

¹ The species offset amount(s) required is the sum of all species habitat units in Appendix 1.

Native vegetation removal report

Next steps

Any proposal to remove native vegetation must meet the application requirements of the Detailed Assessment Pathway and it will be assessed under the Detailed Assessment Pathway.

If you wish to remove the mapped native vegetation you are required to apply for a permit from your local council. Council will refer your application to DELWP for assessment, as required. **This report is not a referral assessment by DELWP.**

This *Native vegetation removal report* must be submitted with your application for a permit to remove, destroy or lop native vegetation.

Refer to the *Guidelines for the removal, destruction or lopping of native* vegetation (the Guidelines) for a full list of application requirements. This report provides information that meets the following application requirements:

- The assessment pathway and reason for the assessment pathway
- A description of the native vegetation to be removed (partly met)
- Maps showing the native vegetation and property (partly met)
- Information about the impacts on rare or threatened species.
- The offset requirements determined in accordance with section 5 of the Guidelines that apply if approval is granted to remove native vegetation.

Additional application requirements must be met including:

- Topographical and land information
- Recent dated photographs
- Details of past native vegetation removal
- An avoid and minimise statement
- A copy of any Property Vegetation Plan that applies
- A defendable space statement as applicable
- A statement about the Native Vegetation Precinct Plan as applicable
- A site assessment report including a habitat hectare assessment of any patches of native vegetation and details of trees
- An offset statement that explains that an offset has been identified and how it will be secured.

© The State of Victoria Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning Melbourne 2018

This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International licence. You are free to re-use the work under that licence, on the condition that you credit the State of Victoria as author. The licence does not apply to any images, photographs or branding, including the Victorian Coat of Arms, the Victorian Government logo and the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning logo. To view a copy of this licence, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/34.0/au/deed.en

Authorised by the Victorian Government, 8 Nicholson Street, East Melbourne.

For more information contact the DELWP Customer Service Centre 136 186

www.delwp.vic.gov.au

Disclaimer

This publication may be of assistance to you but the State of Victoria and its employees do not guarantee that the publication is without flaw of any kind or is wholly appropriate for your particular purposes and therefore disclaims all liability for any error, loss or other consequence which may arise from you relying on any information in this publication.

Obtaining this publication does not guarantee that an application will meet the requirements of Clauses 52.16 or 52.17 of the Victoria Planning Provisions and Victorian planning schemes or that a permit to remove native vegetation will be granted.

Notwithstanding anything else contained in this publication, you must ensure that you comply with all relevant laws, legislation, awards or orders and that you obtain and comply with all permits, approvals and the like that affect, are applicable or are necessary to undertake any action to remove, lop or destroy or otherwise deal with any native vegetation or that apply to matters within the scope of Clauses 52.16 or 52.17 of the Victoria Planning Provisions and Victorian planning schemes.

Appendix 1: Description of native vegetation to be removed

The species-general offset test was applied to your proposal. This test determines if the proposed removal of native vegetation has a proportional impact on any rare or threatened species habitats above the species offset threshold. The threshold is set at 0.005 per cent of the mapped habitat value for a species. When the proportional impact is above the species offset threshold a species offset is required. This test is done for all species mapped at the site. Multiple species offsets will be required if the species offset threshold is exceeded for multiple species.

Where a zone requires species offset(s), the species habitat units for each species in that zone is calculated by the following equation in accordance with the Guidelines:

Species habitat units = extent x condition x species landscape factor x 2, where the species landscape factor = 0.5 + (habitat importance score/2)

The species offset amount(s) required is the sum of all species habitat units per zone

Where a zone does not require a species offset, the general habitat units in that zone is calculated by the following equation in accordance with the Guidelines:

General habitat units = extent x condition x general landscape factor x 1.5, where the general landscape factor = 0.5 + (strategic biodiversity value score/2)

The general offset amount required is the sum of all general habitat units per zone.

Native vegetation to be removed

	Informat	ion provided by	or on behalf of th	ne applica	nt in a GIS f	ile	Information calculated by EnSym					
Zone	Туре	BioEVC	BioEVC conservation status	Large tree(s)	Partial removal	Condition score	Evioni scoro scoro				Habitat units	Offset type
1-1a	Patch	gipp0056	Endangered	0	no	0.390	0.025	0.025	1.000	0.810	0.017	11280 Grey-headed Flying-fox <i>Pteropus</i> poliocephalus
							0.006 0.019 505466 Pink Mountain-correa Corre lawrenceana var. cordifolia			505466 Pink Mountain-correa Correa lawrenceana var. cordifolia		
1-1b	Patch	gipp0056	Endangered	0	yes	0.195	0.473	0.473	0.996	0.805	0.166	11280 Grey-headed Flying-fox <i>Pteropus</i> poliocephalus
										0.119	0.184	505466 Pink Mountain-correa Correa lawrenceana var. cordifolia

Appendix 2: Information about impacts to rare or threatened species' habitats on site

This table lists all rare or threatened species' habitats mapped at the site.

Species common name	Species scientific name	Species number	Conservation status	Group	Habitat impacted	% habitat value affected
Grey-headed Flying-fox	Pteropus poliocephalus	11280	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Top ranking map	0.0067
Pink Mountain-correa	Correa lawrenceana var. cordifolia	505466	Vulnerable	Highly Localised Habitat	Habitat importance map	0.0065
Grey-headed Flying-fox	Pteropus poliocephalus	11280	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0003
Australian Mudfish	Neochanna cleaveri	4703	Critically endangered	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0002
Yarra Pygmy Perch	Nannoperca obscura	4882	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0001
Keferstein's Tree Frog	Litoria dentata	528551	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0001
Grey Billy-buttons	Craspedia canens	504643	Endangered	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0001
Australian Grayling	Prototroctes maraena	4686	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0001
Lacey River Buttercup	Ranunculus amplus	505019	Rare	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0001
Veined Spear-grass	Austrostipa rudis subsp. australis	504940	Rare	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Glossy Grass Skink	Pseudemoia rawlinsoni	12683	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Salt Lawrencia	Lawrencia spicata	501888	Rare	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Veiled Fringe-sedge	Fimbristylis velata	501369	Rare	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Green Scentbark	Eucalyptus fulgens	505175	Rare	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Common Sandpiper	Actitis hypoleucos	10157	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Growling Grass Frog	Litoria raniformis	13207	Endangered	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Round-leaf Pomaderris	Pomaderris vacciniifolia	502675	Endangered	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Spurred Helmet-orchid	Corybas aconitiflorus	500835	Rare	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Swamp Skink	Lissolepis coventryi	12407	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000

Fringed Helmet-orchid	Corybas fimbriatus	500839	Rare	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Swamp Everlasting	Xerochrysum palustre	503763	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
White-bellied Sea-Eagle	Haliaeetus leucogaster	10226	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Plains Yam-daisy	Microseris scapigera s.s.	504657	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Lewin's Rail	Lewinia pectoralis pectoralis	10045	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Small Golden Moths	Diuris basaltica	501473	Endangered	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Floodplain Fireweed	Senecio campylocarpus	507136	Rare	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Sticky Wattle	Acacia howittii	500044	Rare	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Little Egret	Egretta garzetta nigripes	10185	Endangered	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Black-tailed Godwit	Limosa limosa	528553	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Pale Swamp Everlasting	Coronidium gunnianum	504655	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Purple Blown-grass	Lachnagrostis punicea subsp. filifolia	504222	Rare	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Australasian Bittern	Botaurus poiciloptilus	10197	Endangered	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Purple Diuris	Diuris punctata	501084	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Blue-billed Duck	Oxyura australis	10216	Endangered	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Australian Little Bittern	lxobrychus dubius	10195	Endangered	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Australian Painted Snipe	Rostratula australis	10170	Critically endangered	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Eastern Great Egret	Ardea modesta	10187	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Intermediate Egret	Ardea intermedia	10186	Endangered	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Musk Duck	Biziura lobata	10217	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Common Bent-wing Bat (eastern ssp.)	Miniopterus schreibersii oceanensis	61342	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Grey Goshawk	Accipiter novaehollandiae novaehollandiae	10220	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Baillon's Crake	Porzana pusilla palustris	10050	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000

Hardhead	Aythya australis	10215	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Australasian Shoveler	Anas rhynchotis	10212	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Arching Flax-lily	Dianella sp. aff. longifolia (Benambra)	505560	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Powerful Owl	Ninox strenua	10248	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Black Falcon	Falco subniger	10238	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Southern Toadlet	Pseudophryne semimarmorata	13125	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
White-throated Needletail	Hirundapus caudacutus	10334	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Square-tailed Kite	Lophoictinia isura	10230	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000
Elegant Parrot	Neophema elegans	10307	Vulnerable	Dispersed	Habitat importance map	0.0000

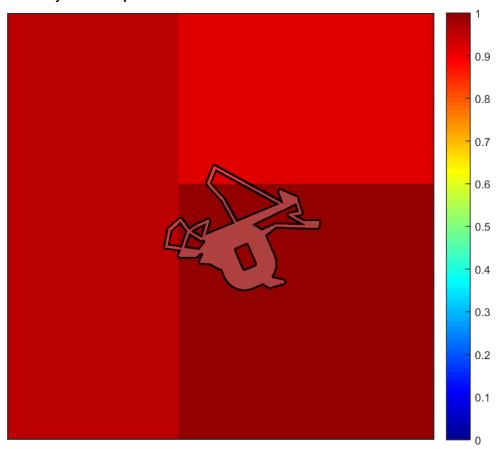
Habitat group

- Highly localised habitat means there is 2000 hectares or less mapped habitat for the species
- Dispersed habitat means there is more than 2000 hectares of mapped habitat for the species

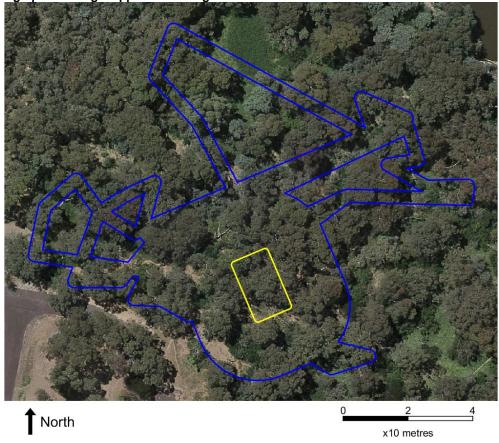
Habitat impacted

- Habitat importance maps are the maps defined in the Guidelines that include all the mapped habitat for a rare or threatened species
- Top ranking maps are the maps defined in the Guidelines that depict the important areas of a dispersed species habitat, developed from the highest habitat importance scores in dispersed species habitat maps and selected VBA records
- Selected VBA record is an area in Victoria that represents a large population, roosting or breeding site etc.

Appendix 3 – Images of mapped native vegetation 2. Strategic biodiversity values map







4. Map of the property in context



Yellow boundaries denote areas of proposed native vegetation removal.

Blue boundaries denote zones of partial removal with a halved condition score.

4. Habitat importance maps

